


CLASS - IV

SUBJECT - ENGLISH GRAMMAR


Note: Students are instructed to write the following notes in their English grammar book with pencil.

Students not having the book can practice it in their English practice copy.



15. PRONOUNS - PERSONAL, REFLEXIVE



TYPES OF PRONOUNS



Pronouns are words that we use in place of Nouns (or other Pronouns) in a sentence to make it less repetitive and less awkward.

PERSONAL PRONOUNS	DEMONSTRATIVE PRONOUNS	INTERROGATIVE PRONOUNS	
Used for a specific object or person. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Subjective Case: I, We, You, They, He, She, It Objective Case: Me, Us, You, Them, Him, Her, It Possessive Case: My, Our, Your, Their, His, Her, Its 	Used to show or identify one or a number of nouns that may be far or near in distance or time. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This That These Those 	Used to ask questions about a person or object that we do not know about. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Who Whom Which What Whoever Whichever 	
RELATIVE PRONOUN	INDEFINITE PRONOUNS	REFLEXIVE AND INTENSIVE PRONOUNS	RECIPROCAL PRONOUN
Used to join or relate two different clauses together by referring to the noun in the previous clause using the pronouns. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Who Whom Whose Which That 	Used to show unspecified objects or people, whether in plural or in singular. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Someone Anybody Anyone Nowhere Few Many Nothing ... 	Used to indicate a noun which has been used in an earlier part of the same sentence. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Myself Themselves Yourself Ourselves Herself Himself Itself 	Used when two or more nouns are doing or being the same to one another. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Each other One another 

We all know that pronouns are used instead of nouns to avoid the repetition of nouns.

Pronouns are of several kinds. In this lesson, we shall read about **personal pronouns** and **reflexive pronouns**.

1. PERSONAL PRONOUNS-

Personal pronouns are used for persons. The word person means a human-being.

We use **I, we, you, she, he, it** and **they** for different persons.

Personal Pronoun Chart

Subjective	Objective	Possessive	Reflexive
I	Me	My, Mine	Myself
We	Us	Our, Ours	Ourselves
You	You	Your, Yours	Yourself
He	Him	His	Himself
She	Her	Her, Hers	Herself
They	Them	Their, Theirs	Themselves



Examples


- ✓ The secretary notified **us** today.
- ✓ My uncle sent **you** an e-mail.
- ✓ For **her**, I would do anything.
- ✓ This is **your** table.
- ✓ This is your table. It is similar to **mine**.
- ✓ I wash the car **myself**.
- ✓ He completed his assignments **himself**.

2. REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS-

A reflexive pronoun is a special kind of pronoun. Reflexive pronouns refer back to the noun or pronoun.

Personal & Reflexive Pronouns

Personal Pronouns		Reflexive Pronouns	
I	We	Myself	Ourselves
You	You	Yourself	Yourselves
He	They	Himself	Themselves
She		Herself	



A. Insert the missing pronoun.	B. Fill in the blanks with the right reflexive pronoun.
1. _____ washed myself.	1. I am angry with _____.
2. _____ looked at himself in the mirror.	2. Peter lost _____ in the jungle.
3. _____ didn't hurt herself.	3. Mary looked at _____ in the mirror.
4. _____ burnt yourselves with the candles.	4. Help _____!
5. _____ enjoyed themselves at the party.	5. We burnt _____ when we were cooking.
6. _____ fell off the ladder and hurt himself.	6. My father shaves _____ every morning.
7. _____ only think about yourself.	7. You only think about _____.
8. Sometimes _____ talk to myself.	8. They enjoyed _____ last summer.
9. _____ cut herself with a knife.	9. I don't recognize _____.
10. _____ behaved ourselves at school.	10. We must do things by _____.
11. _____ live by yourself.	11. I would like to live by _____.
12. _____ went to Paris by themselves.	12. Mary behaved _____ this time.
13. _____ paid for myself.	13. We fell off the tree and we hurt _____.
14. _____ travelled by ourselves.	14. Many people enjoy _____ playing video games.
15. _____ did the homework by herself.	15. Goodbye! Be careful! Don't hurt _____.
16. _____ have to behave yourselves.	16. We had a great time! We enjoyed _____ very much.
17. _____ did it by myself.	
18. _____ shaved himself.	

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3. EMPHASIZING PRONOUNS (EMPHATIC)-

Pronouns which lay stress (emphasis) on the noun/pronoun used as the subject of the sentence are called emphasizing pronouns.

Pronouns



	Subject Pronouns	Object Pronouns	Possessive Adjectives	Possessive Pronouns	Reflexive Pronouns
1st person singular	I	Me	My	Mine	Myself
2nd person singular	You	You	Your	Yours	Yourself
3rd person singular (male)	He	Him	His	His	Himself
3rd person singular (female)	She	Her	Her	Hers	Herself
3rd person	It	It	Its	Its	Itself
1st person (plural)	We	Us	Our	Ours	Ourselves
2nd person (plural)	You	You	Your	Yours	Yourselves
3rd person (plural)	They	Them	Their	Theirs	Themselves

WORKSHEET -

A. Find out the personal pronoun in each sentence and write it in the blanks. Also write its person.

<u>Sentence</u>	<u>Pronoun</u>	<u>Person</u>
1. They have gone boating in the river.	They	third
2. This blue shirt is hers.	hers	third
3. You must look before leaping.	You	second
4. Those toy guns are theirs.	theirs	third
5. She is a tall slim lady.	She	third
6. All of them are brothers.	them	third
7. Let us play a healthy cricket match.	us	first
8. I do not believe it.	I	first
9. We must learn how to live peacefully.	We	first
10. The lady hanged herself from the fan.	herself	third

B. Fill up each blank with a suitable personal pronoun.

(The first one is done for you)

This kite is **mine**. Where is **yours**?

1. Have a long morning walk daily. **You** will soon regain health.
2. Neena teased me and I slapped **her**.
3. We enjoyed **our** holidays very much at Shimla.
4. **They** went to the fair and enjoyed swing-rides there.
5. My dog is named Moti. **It** is very faithful.

6. She called me bad names for no fault of mine.

7. We shall go to see the exhibition on Sunday.